

# Milk Bacterial DNA Extraction Kit

(Cat.: DE-080 50 preps)

This kit provides a rapid spin column method for the isolation and purification of genomic DNA from both bacteria in milk samples.  
Maximum Milk Input: 1 mL

It can also be used to process colostrums milk samples.  
Inhibitor-free DNA is ready for PCR, qPCR  
Fast and efficient spin-column format

## Kit Contents:

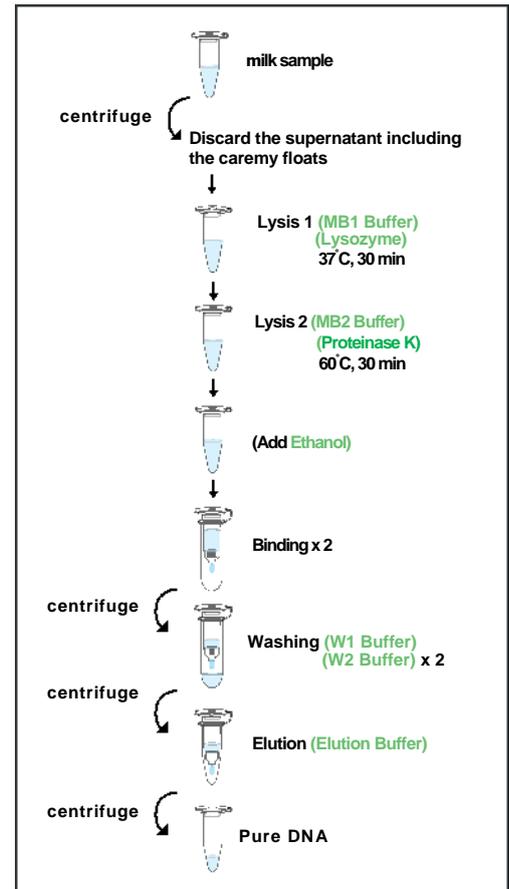
Lysis Buffer MB1	25 ml
Lysis Buffer MB2	30 ml
Wash Buffer W1 (concentrate)*	22 ml
Wash Buffer W2 (concentrate)**	15 ml
Elution Buffer	8 ml
Lysozyme ■	36 mg
Proteinase K ■■	22 mg
Binding Column W4	50 pcs
Collection Tube	50 pcs

\*Add 8 ml ethanol (96-100%) to Wash Buffer W1

\*\*Add 60 ml ethanol (96-100%) to Wash Buffer W2

■ Store lyophilized Lysozyme at -20 °C upon receipt of kit

■■ Store lyophilized proteinase k at 4 °C upon receipt of kit



## Important Notes:

1. Buffers provided in this system contain irritants. Wear gloves and lab coat when handling these buffers.
2. Add 1.8 ml sterile ddH<sub>2</sub>O to lysozyme tube to make a **20 mg/ml** stock solution. Vortex and make sure that lysozyme has been completely dissolved.  
**Aliquot the lysozyme stock into small fractions and store the unused portions at -20 °C.**
3. Add 1.1 ml sterile ddH<sub>2</sub>O to Proteinase K tube to make a **20 mg/ml** stock solution. Vortex and make sure that Proteinase K has been completely dissolved. **Store the stock solution at 4 °C.**
4. Add required volume ethanol (96- 100 %) to Wash Buffer W1 and W2 when first use.
5. Prepare two dry baths or two water baths before the operation: one to 37 °C for step 2 and the other to 60°C for step 3.
6. Preheat the Elution Buffer or ddH<sub>2</sub>O for step 11 (Elution step)
7. All centrifuge steps are done at full speed (14,000 rpm or 10,000 x g) in a microcentrifuge.

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## General Protocol:

Please Read Important Notes Before Starting The Following steps.

1. Transfer **up to 1 ml of milk sample** to a microcentrifuge tube (not provided) and centrifuge at full speed for 3 minutes. Discard the supernatant including the creamy floats on the top layer after centrifugation and use a paper towel or a cotton swap to remove any white remains on the tube wall.
2. Add **425 µl Lysis Buffer MB1** and **30 µl Lysozyme solution (20mg/ml)** mix well by vortexing. Incubate at 37°C for 30 minutes.
3. Add **425 µl Lysis Buffer MB1** and **20 µl Proteinase K solution (20mg/ml)** to the sample mixture and mix thoroughly by vortexing. Incubate at 60°C for 30 ~60 minutes.
4. Add **450 µl ethanol (96~100%)** to the sample mixture, mix thoroughly by pulse-vortexing for 10 seconds.
5. Place a Binding Column W4 to a Collection Tube. Transfer the sample mixture **up to 750 µl** to Binding Column W4. Centrifuge for 1 min. Discard the flow-through and place the Binding Column W4 back to the Collection Tube.
6. Repeat Step 5 for the rest of the sample mixture. And place the Binding Column W4 to a new Collection Tube.  
**Add 500 µl Wash Buffer W1** to Binding Column W4. Centrifuge for 30 seconds. Discard the flow-through and place the Binding Column W4 back to the Collection Tube. --Make sure that ethanol has been added into Wash Buffer W1 when first use.  
**Add 650 µl Wash Buffer W2** to Binding Column W4. Centrifuge for 30 seconds. Discard the flow-through and place the Binding Column W4 back to the Collection Tube. --Make sure that ethanol has been added into Wash Buffer W2 when first use.
7. Repeat Step 8 for one more washing.
8. Centrifuge for an additional 3 min to dry the Binding Column W4 completely.
9. Place Binding Column W4 to Elution Tube. Add 50~100 µl of Elution Buffer or ddH<sub>2</sub>O (pH 7.5-9.0) to the membrane center of Binding Column W4. Stand the Binding Column W4 for 3 minutes. **Note!** Make sure that the elution solution is dispensed onto the membrane and is absorbed completely.
10. Centrifuge for 1 minute to elute total DNA. Store total DNA at 4°C or -20°C.

## Special Protocol

1. Add 1.8 ml of dd H<sub>2</sub>O to the test tube containing lysozyme to obtain a concentration of 20 mg / ml. Vortex and make sure the lysozyme is completely dissolved. (aliquot and store at - 20 ° C)
2. Add 1.1 ml of dd H<sub>2</sub>O to the test tube containing Proteinase K to obtain a concentration of 20 mg / ml. Vortex and make sure the lysozyme is completely dissolved. (aliquot and store at 4 ° C)
3. Add the required volume of ethanol (96-100%) to the Wash Buffer W1 and W2 before use.
- 4) Transfer 50 ml of colostrum / milk into a Falcon and centrifuge at 2000 g for 20 '. Remove the supernatant with a pipette and remove the surface grease with wood depressor, while also trying to gently clean the tubing walls;
- 5) Add 425 µl of MB1 Lysis Buffer, vortex and transfer the mixture to a 2 ml Eppendorf tube;
- 6) Add 30 µL of Lysozyme (20 mg / ml) and vortex briefly. Incubate in thermomixer at 37 ° C for 30 minutes;
- 7) Add 425 µl of Lysis Buffer MB2 and 20 µl Proteinase K, vortex briefly and incubate at 60 ° C for 30-60 minutes;
- 8) Add 450 µl of ethanol (96-100%) and vortex for 10 sec;
- 9) Transfer the sample mixture to an elution columns Binding Column W4, maximum 750 µl, and centrifuge for 1 minute at 10000 g (14000 rpm); Remove the holder and place the same on a new support for columns;
- 10) repeat step 6 until the sample is finished.
- 11) Add 500 µl of Wash W1 Buffer and centrifuge 30 sec. To 10000 g, remove the cartridge holder and place the same on a new column support (make sure that the Buffer W1 has been reconstituted with ethanol before use );
- 12) Add 500 µl of Wash W2 Buffer and centrifuge 30 sec to 10000 g, remove the cartridge holder and place it on a new column support (make sure that the Buffer W2 has been reconstituted with ethanol before use )

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- 13) Repeat step 9 more than once
- 14) Centrifuge 3 min to 10000 g to remove traces of ethanol and to completely dry the column
- 15) Place the column on a 1.5 ml eppendorf tube and add 50-100 µl of Elution Buffer or dd H<sub>2</sub>O (pH 7.5 to 9.0), incubate at room temperature for 3 minutes (make sure that the elution solution is dispensed on the membrane and is completely adsorbed);
- 16) Centrifuge for 1 minute to 10000 g to flow the DNA;
- 17) Repeat step 13 if necessary, otherwise store the DNA caps at 4 ° C for immediate use or at -20 ° C.

<b>SAMPLE</b>	<b>spectrophotometric reading µg/ml</b>	<b>Purity OD 260/ 280</b>	<b>Purity OD 260/ 230</b>	<b>Real Time Ct average</b>
1 only colostrum	39,1	1,08	1,06	24,64
2 only colostrum	9,8	1,77	1,52	28,12
3 colostrum + 15 ml PBS	11,1	1,78	1,34	26,10
4 colostrum + 15 ml PBS	10,3	1,75	1,52	22,98